## Energy

- 1. What is the difference between an open and a closed question?
- 2. What is energy?
- 3. Name 6 different types of energy.
- 4. What is the difference between renewable and non-renewable energy sources and name 3 of each.
- 5. What is the difference between nuclear fusion and fission?
- 6. What does Einstein's famous formula E=mc² tell us about the nature of mass?
- 7. What year was Helium discovered and where was it first discovered?
- 8. What is the temperature needed for fusion in the laboratory? What is the temperature in the Sun? Why are they different?
- 9. What does the abbreviation "ITER" stand for? What goes on there?
- 10. List five ways that you can save energy in everyday life.

Prob 1. What is the energy produced in the following fission reaction:

$$^{235}_{92}U + n \rightarrow ^{92}_{36}Kr + ^{141}_{56}Ba + 3n$$

 $\mathsf{M}(^{236}_{92}U)$  = 235.0439299 u ;  $\mathsf{M}(^{92}_{36}Kr)$  = 91.926156 u ;  $\mathsf{M}(^{141}_{56}Ba)$  = 140.914411 u,  $\mathsf{M}(\mathsf{neutron})$  = 1.008665 u

Prob 2. What is the energy produced in the following fusion reaction:

$$^3_2He + ^6_3Li \rightarrow 2^4_2He + p$$

 $M(_{2}^{3}He) = 3.0160293 \text{ u}$ ;  $M(_{2}^{4}He) = 4.002602 \text{ u}$ ;  $M(_{3}^{6}Li) = 6.015123 \text{ u}$ ; M(proton) = 1.007276 u

$$(1 u = 1.66 \cdot 10^{-27} kg$$
 speed of light in vacuum =  $3 \cdot 10^8 \frac{m}{s}$